### ANHÍDRIDO MALEICO FUNDIDO

SAFETY DATA SHEET According to GHS, 5<sup>th</sup> Revision



# **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: ANHÍDRIDO MALEICO FUNDIDO

Product Identifier:

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Manufacture of polyester and alkyd coating resins; raw material for the preparation of fumaric acids and

tartaric, and maleic hydrazide; as a constituent of pesticides, preservatives for oils and fats, etc.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

### YPF S.A.

Macacha Güemes n° 515, (C1106BKK) Puerto Madero, Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires, Argentina. P: +54 11 5441 2000. F: +54 11 5441 5796.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone (24 hours): CIQUIME 0800 222 2933 (from Argentina)

+54 11 4552 8747 (other countries)

## **SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to the Globally Harmonized System

Acute toxicity, oral (Category 4)

Skin corrosion (Category 1B) - Serious eye damage (Category 1)

Respiratory sensitization (Category 1A) - Skin sensitization (Category 1A)

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure (Category 1)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 3)

#### 2.2 Label elements

### Pictogram:



Signal word: DANGER

**Hazard statements:** 

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

### **Precautionary statements:**

P260 - Do not breathe fume, mist, vapours or spray.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container in accordance with national and international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Hot product may cause high temperature hazards.

# **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1 Substance

Maleic anhydride (CAS 108-31-6): 100% - Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Resp. Sens. 1A; Skin Sens. 1A; STOT Rep. Exp. 1; Aquatic Acute 3

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Does not apply.

## **SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Avoid exposure to the product and take appropriate protective measures. Consult your

doctor with the safety data sheet.

Inhalation: Move victim to an area with clean air. Keep her at rest. If not breathing, apply CPR. Call

the doctor.

Skin contact: Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Do not

neutralize or add substances other than water.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. If you

have contact lenses, remove them after 5 minutes and continue rinsing eyes. Consult

the doctor.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. If the victim is unconscious, call

a doctor immediately, and turn her on her side to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do not

give the victim anything to drink or eat.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: may cause respiratory tract irritation. It can be toxic.

Skin contact: may cause skin burns. It can be toxic.

Eye contact: may cause burns.

Ingestion: may cause burns. It can be toxic.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical advice: Perform symptomatic treatment. For more information, consult a Poison Center.

# **SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, sand or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Some foams can react with the product. DO NOT USE water jets as it may spread fire.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product and its packaging can burn, but do not ignite easily. Under certain conditions, any dust in the air can be a risk of explosion.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

### 5.3.1 Firefighting instructions

Spray the packaging with water to avoid ignition or to keep them cool if exposed to excessive heat or fire.

Remove the packages if they have not yet been reached by the flames, and you can do so without risk.

Cool containers with water until the fire is extinguished, removing the remains until the embers are cold.

Prevent water used for fire control or dilution from entering watercourses, drains or springs.

#### 5.3.2 Protective clothing

Use SCBA and structural protection clothing for firefighters.

### 5.3.3 Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire, it can release irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases, such as carbon monoxide and other substances derived from the incomplete combustion.

# **SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Evacuate personnel to a ventilated area.

## 6.1.2 For emergency responders

In case of spill with fire, avoid contact with the product. If contact is likely, wear a fully chemical resistant firefighting suit and self-contained breathing apparatus. If firefighting gear is not available, wear chemical-resistant clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location.

In the event of a non-fire spill, or in the post-fire cleanup phase, wear chemical resistant clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer.

Eliminate all sources of ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or open flames in danger area). Evacuate people to a ventilated area. Do not touch contaminated objects or areas or walk on the spilled material. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and skin and eye protection. Wear impervious protective gloves. Ventilate immediately, especially in low areas where vapors may accumulate. Do not allow reuse of spilled product.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Contain solid and cover to prevent dispersion. Prevent the product in reaching waterways.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the product with a shovel and place it in an appropriate container. Clean the affected area completely. Dispose of the water and collected waste in marked containers for disposal as waste.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection, and Section 13 - Disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke during handling.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash arms, hands, and nails after handling. Facilitate access to safety showers and eyewash emergency. Avoid inhalation of the product. Use PPE. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Handle containers carefully.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a clean, dry, well-ventilated area. Protect from sunlight. Periodically check the containers to warn of losses and breakages. Store at temperatures between 15 and 25 °C, in rooms with a waterproof and resistant to corrosion floor.

Packaging materials: Supplied by the manufacturer.

Incompatibilities: Keep away from Organic acids, alcohols and glycols, aldehydes, amides,

amines, azo compounds, hydrazines, carbamates, caustics, cyanides, esters, ethers, organic halogens, isocyanates, ketones, sulfides, metals,

hydrocarbons, flammables, and reducing agents.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Manufacture of polyester and alkyd coating resins; raw material for the preparation of fumaric acids and tartaric, and maleic hydrazide; as a constituent of pesticides, preservatives for oils and fats, etc.

## **SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control parameters

TLV-TWA (ACGIH):	0,1 ppm
TLV-STEL (ACGIH):	N/D
PEL (OSHA):	1 mg/m³
REL:	1 mg/m³
IDLH (NIOSH):	10 mg/m³

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Keep workplace ventilated. The normal routine ventilation is usually adequate. Local hoods should be used for operations that produce or release large amounts of product. In low or confined areas should be provided mechanical ventilation. Provide showers and eyewash stations.

### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye and face protection: When necessary, wear safety glasses complying with EN 166.

Skin protection: When necessary, wear impermeable protective nitrile, neoprene or natural rubber

gloves (complying with standards EN 374), clothes and safety footwear resistant

to chemicals.

Respiratory protection: When necessary, wear an organic gas or steam (A) and dust respirator. Special

attention to oxygen levels in the air should be paid.

## **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid.

Colour: Colourless.

Odour: Acre.

Odour threshold: 0,3 ppm (0,001223 mg/L)

pH: 7 (sol. 1%)

Melting point: 52,8°C (127°F)
Boiling point: 202°C (395,6°F)

Evaporation rate: Not volatile.

Flammability: The product is not flammable.

Flash point: 103,3°C (217,9°F)

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Explosive limits: 1,4% - 7,1%

Auto-ignition temperature: 476°C (888,8°F)

Decomposition temperature: N/D

Vapour pressure (20°C): 0,16 mmHg

Vapour density (air=1): 3,38 - bibl.

Relative density (20°C): 1,43 g/cm³

Soluble in water with slow hydrolysis. Soluble in Acetone, ether, ethyl

Solubility (20°C): acetate, chloroform, benzene, petroleum ether, o-xylene, alcohol, toluene,

carbon tetrachloride.

Partition coefficient (logKo/w): 1,62 Viscosity (70°C): 1,5 cP

Henry constant (20°C): 3,9 x10<sup>-6</sup> atm.m³/mol

Explosive properties: Not explosive. This study is not required because in the molecule no

chemical groups are associated with explosive properties.

Oxidizing properties: This study is not necessary because the substances present in the product,

due to their chemical structures, are incapable of reacting exothermically

with combustible materials.

#### 9.2 Other information

Other properties: None.

# **SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

It is not expected that product reactions or decomposition may occur under normal storage conditions. It does not contain organic peroxides. May be corrosive to metals. It reacts slowly with water.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable and it does not require stabilizers.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous polymerization is expected.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures and moisture.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from Organic acids, alcohols and glycols, aldehydes, amides, amines, azo compounds, hydrazines, carbamates, caustics, cyanides, esters, ethers, organic halogens, isocyanates, ketones, sulfides, metals, hydrocarbons, flammables, and reducing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of heating above decomposition temperature, it can give off irritating and toxic fumes. In case of fire, see Section 5.

## **SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Bibliographic data are presented for reference.

LD50 oral (rat, OECD 401): 390 mg/kg LD50 der (rat, OECD 402): > 2000 mg/kg LC50 inh. (rat, 4 hs., OECD 403): > 5 mg/l Skin irr. (rabbit, OECD 431): corrosive Eye irr. (rabbit, OECD 405): corrosive

Skin sens. (Guinea pig, OECD 406): not sensitizing Resp. sens (Guinea pig, OECD 403): not sensitizing

#### Carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, reproductive toxicity and other effects:

Carcinogenicity: Not classified as carcinogenic according to the GHS.

Mutagenicity: Not classified as mutagenic according to the GHS.

Tox. Repr.: Not classified as toxic for reproduction according to the GHS with effects on sexual function and fertility.

Teratogenicity: It is not classified as toxic for reproduction according to the GHS with effects on the development of offspring.

STOT-SE: Not classified as target organ toxicant for single exposures according to the GHS.

STOT-RE: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration: Not classified as hazardous for aspiration according to the GHS.

#### Acute and delayed effects:

Routes of exposure: Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Inhalation: may cause respiratory tract irritation. It can be toxic.

Skin contact: may cause skin burns. It can be toxic.

Eye contact: may cause burns.

Ingestion: may cause burns. It can be toxic.

## **SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Bibliographic data of its component are presented for reference.

EC50 (L. macrochirus, 96 h): 75 mg/l EC50 (D. magna, 48 h): 42,8 mg/l EC50 (P. subcapitata, 72 h): 74,3 mg/l

Chronic toxicity data not available or validated.

PNEC (water): N/D PNEC (sea): N/D PNEC-STP: N/D

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

BIODEGRADABILITY (OECD 301B): The product is readily biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Log K<sub>o/w</sub>: 1,62

BIOCONCENTRATION FACTOR - BCF (OCDE 305): N/D. Because the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) is less than 4, accumulation in organisms is not expected.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

HENRY CONSTANT (20°C): 3,9 x10-6 atm.m³/mol

LogKoc: N/D .

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

There is no test data to determine compliance with Annex XIII of the REACH regulation on its classification as persistent (P) or bioaccumulative (B), but it may be classified as toxic (T).

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

AOX and metal containing: Does not contain organic halogens nor metals.

# **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Dispose of excess product and empty containers according to current legislation for the protection of the environment and hazardous waste. Disposal procedure: incineration.

# **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### 14.1 Transport by land

Proper Shipping Name: MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

UN/ID Number: 2215

Hazard class:

Packing group:

Hazard identification number: 80

Excepted and limited quantity: 1000 / 5 kg

## 14.2 Air transport (ICAO/IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

UN/ID Number: 2215

Hazard class: 8

Packing group:





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PAX and Cargo Packing instructions: Y845; 5 kg / 860; 25KG

Cargo Packing instructions: 864; 100 kg

ERC: 8L

Special provisions: A803

### 14.3 Sea transport (IMO)

#### **IMDG Code**

Proper Shipping Name: MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

UN/ID N°: 2215 Hazard class: 8

Packing group:

EMS: F-A, S-B

Stowage and manipulation: Category A

Segregation: SG50; SG57

Marine pollutant: NO

Proper Shipping Name: UN2215; MALEIC ANHYDRIDE; Class 8; PG III



## **SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Not dangerous for the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compounds (VOC's): N/D

NFPA: 3 1 1 COR- EPP: E

#### Regulation

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, fifth revised edition, 2013 (GHS 2013 - 'ST / SG / AC 10/30 / Rev.5'). The fifth edition is taken into consideration because it is the one valid for Argentina according to Resolution 801/2015 of the SRT. In any case, the information is contrasted with Revision 7 ('ST / SG / AC 10/30 / Rev.7') and clarification is made if required.

Agreement on Transport of Dangerous Products within the MERCOSUR, MERCOSUR\CMC\DEC N° 2/94. European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR 2023) and amendments. Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID 2023) and amendments. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG 2020 - Amendment 41-22), International Maritime Organization (IMO).

Regulations of the International Air Transport Association (IATA 64 ed., 2023) on the transport of dangerous goods by air.

# **SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION**

## 16.1 Abbreviations and acronyms

N/A: not applicable. N/D: no data available.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental In-

dustrial Hygienists.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short Term Exposure

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit. PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.

INSHT: National Institute for Safety and Health at

Work.

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LD50: Lethal Dose.

LC50: Lethal Concentration.

EC50: Average Effective Concentration. IC50: Inhibitory Concentration Medium.

**DENOMINATION OF GHS CLASSES** 

Aer.: aerosols

Oxid. Gas: oxidizing gas

Compressed gas: compressed gas Dissolved gas: dissolved gas Flam. Gas: flammable gas

Liquefied Refr. Gas: refrigerated liquefied gas

Liquefied gas: liquefied gas
Oxid. Liquid: oxidizing liquid
Flam. Liquid: flammable liquid
Pyr. Liq.: pyrophoric liquid

Met. Corr.: corrosive for metals

Org. Perox.: organic peroxide

Water React. Flam. Gas: substance reactive with wa-

ter, which emits flammable gases

Oxid. Solid: oxidizing solid Flam. Solid: flammable solid Asp Tox.: aspiration toxicity Carc.: carcinogenicity

Skin Corr. / Irrit.: Corrosion / skin irritation

Eye Damage / Irrit .: Serious eye damage / eye irrita-

tion

Lac.: toxic for reproduction - lactation

Muta.: mutagenicity

Repr.: toxic for reproduction Skin Sens.: skin sensitizer

Resp. Sens.: respiratory sensitizer

STOT Rep. Exp.: Specific target organ toxicity - re-

peated exposure

STOT Single Exp.: Specific target organ toxicity - sin-

gle exposure

Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute: Hazardous to the aquatic environ-

ment - acute danger

Aquatic Chronic: Dangerous for the aquatic environ-

ment - chronic danger

Ozo.: Dangerous for the ozone layer.

# 16.2 Key literature references and sources for data

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), classification of carcinogens.

Hazard Classification and Labeling of Petroleum Substances in the European Economic Area – 2020, CONCAWE, Brussels, October 2020

European Chemicals Agency - ECHA

GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank, IFA, DGUV, Germany

Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP Regulation)

US National Library of Medicine - PUBCHEM

eChem Portal, OECD

### 16.3 Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures

The classification was performed based on chemical analogues and product information compiled by CIQUIME.

SECTION 2: classification by hazard extrapolation and based on product data.

SECTION 9: product data.

SECTION 11 and 12: calculation of acute toxicity estimation according to GHS, product data and bibliographic data.

Change's control: v.14 - Adaptation to the GHS.

The partial or total modification of this file is not allowed, including the renown of the product, without the authorization of CIQUIME S.R.L.

### 16.4 Disclaimer

This information only concerns the above-mentioned product and is not to be valid for other (s) product (s) or in any process. This safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The information is to our best knowledge, correct and complete. It is given in good faith but without warranty. The product should be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be in-formed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other use, exposure should be evaluated so that they can implement appropriate handling practices and training programs to ensure safe operations in the workplace.

It remains the user's own responsibility that this information is appropriate and complete for the special use of this product.